Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010 National Security Strategy - § 6 references coded [ 0.18% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

Use of Force

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

Use of Force

Reference 3 - 0.02% Coverage

mitigating where possible the need for the use of force.

Reference 4 - 0.05% Coverage

While the use of force is sometimes necessary, we will exhaust other options before war whenever we can, and carefully weigh the costs and risks of action against the costs and risks of inaction

Reference 5 - 0.06% Coverage

When force is necessary, we will continue to do so in a way that reflects our values and strengthens our legitimacy, and we will seek broad international support, working with such institutions as NATO and the U.N. Security Council.

Reference 6 - 0.05% Coverage

The United States must reserve the right to act unilaterally if necessary to defend our nation and our interests, yet we will also seek to adhere to standards that govern the use of force

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2010 Quadrennial Defense Review - § 4 references coded [ 0.05% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

Roles of Military Power

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

renewed efforts to disrupt, dismantle, and defeat Al Qaeda and the Taliban

Reference 3 - 0.03% Coverage

Above all, the United States and its allies and partners remain engaged in a broader war—a multifaceted political, military and moral struggle—against Al Qaeda and its allies around the world.

Reference 4 - 0.01% Coverage

use of force,

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2011 International Strategy for Cyberspace - § 1 reference coded [ 0.01% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

military force

Files\\2011 Case Study\\CS1\_Secondary Sources\_Authoritative\\2009 Cyberspace Policy Review Assuring a Trusted and R - § 2 references coded [ 0.01% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.01% Coverage

use of force.

Reference 2 - 0.01% Coverage

and use of force.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Military Strategy - § 3 references coded [ 0.48% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.15% Coverage

It is a state-sponsor of terrorism that has undermined stability in many nations, including Israel, Lebanon, Iraq, Syria, and Yemen.

Reference 2 - 0.19% Coverage

NSIs guide military leaders in providing recommendations on when and where our Nation should use military force, the type and degree of force to employ, and at what cost.

Reference 3 - 0.14% Coverage

Should any actor directly attack the United States or our interests, the U.S. military will   
take action to defend our Nation.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 National Security Strategy - § 5 references coded [ 0.36% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.03% Coverage

We will be principled and selective in the use of force.

Reference 2 - 0.05% Coverage

The use of force should not be our first choice, but it will sometimes be the necessary choice.

Reference 3 - 0.11% Coverage

The United States will use military force, unilaterally if necessary, when our enduring interests demand it: when our people are threatened; when our livelihoods are at stake; and when the security of our allies is in danger.

Reference 4 - 0.05% Coverage

The threshold for military action is higher when our interests are not directly threatened

Reference 5 - 0.13% Coverage

It should be based on a serious appreciation for the risk to our mission, our global responsibilities, and the opportunity costs at home and abroad. Whenever and wherever we use force, we will do so in a way that reflects our values and strengthens our legitimacy.

Files\\2015 Case Study\\CS2\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2015 White House Report on Cyber Deterrence Policy - § 1 reference coded [ 0.13% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.13% Coverage

The United States Government will be prepared, if directed by the President, to use all necessary means, including military, to respond to a cyber attack on the nation.

Files\\2018 Case Study\\CS3\_Primary Sources\_Policy\_Strategies\\2017 National Security Strategy - § 6 references coded [ 0.37% Coverage]

Reference 1 - 0.05% Coverage

The Joint Force demonstrates U.S. resolve and commitment and provides us with the ability to fight and win across any plausible conflict that threatens U.S. vital interests.

Reference 2 - 0.09% Coverage

To retain military overmatch the United States must restore our ability to produce innovative capabilities, restore the readiness of our forces for major war, and grow the size of the force so that it is capable of operating at sufficient scale and for ample duration to win across a range of scenarios.

Reference 3 - 0.05% Coverage

We must ensure the ability to deter potential enemies by denial, convincing them that they cannot accomplish objectives through the use of force or other forms of aggression.

Reference 4 - 0.04% Coverage

Th e United States must retain a ready force that is capable of protecting the homeland while defending U.S. interests.

Reference 5 - 0.04% Coverage

RETAIN A FULL-SPECTRUM FORCE: The Joint Force must remain capable of deterring and defeating the full range of threats to the United States.

Reference 6 - 0.10% Coverage

The size of our force matters. To deter conflict and, if deterrence fails, to win in war, the Nation must be able to field forces capable of operating in sufficient scale and for ample duration to defeat enemies, consolidate military gains, and achieve sustainable outcomes that protect the American people and our vital interests.